



Fiberoptic Sensor Experience in Oregon

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Transportation
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Oregon is testing several strategies for traffic monitoring

- Fiberoptics
- Video
- Microloops, Piezo

Partially funded by Safety Grant

- Approved grant in September 1999
- Grant was intended to fund new technology to improve safety
- Project was sited in Oregon Safety Corridor
- Vendor was selected from Research project

Fiberoptics sensors are on line

- Installation completed on July 31, 2000
- Secondary checking equipment also on line
- Testing and Evaluation presently being done
- Full Implementation Expected by October 1, 2000

Status of Installation

- Utilities in place by June 25, 2000
- Optical Sensor Systems, Incorporated of Melbourne, Florida testing equipment
- Optical Sensor Systems installed sensors on July 31, 2000
- Data Collection taking place August 1, 2000

Vendor Information

- Project Leader: Dr. Barry Grossman
- Cost of Equipment:

• Fiberoptic Sensors (4)	\$1,425
• 4 input interface box	\$ 700
• Installation sealant	\$ 220
• Installation & testing	\$2,180
• Cabinet	\$1,250
• Saw Cut, Flagging	\$2,300
• Hook up power, seal fiber	<u>\$ 700</u>
• Total Cost	\$8,775



































































SOLID STATE REGULATED 12VOLT POWER SUPPLY

SPECIFICATIONS

Output Voltage: 12VDC
Output Current: 1.0A
Regulation: $\pm 1\%$
Ripple: $< 10\text{mV}$
Efficiency: $> 80\%$

TONE TECHNIQUE

Power: 10W
Frequency: 100Hz to 10kHz
Distortion: $< 1\%$
Impedance: 50 Ω

NOTE ON USAGE

1. Do not connect the output terminals to a load that exceeds the rated output current.
2. Do not connect the output terminals to a load that is not rated for the output voltage.





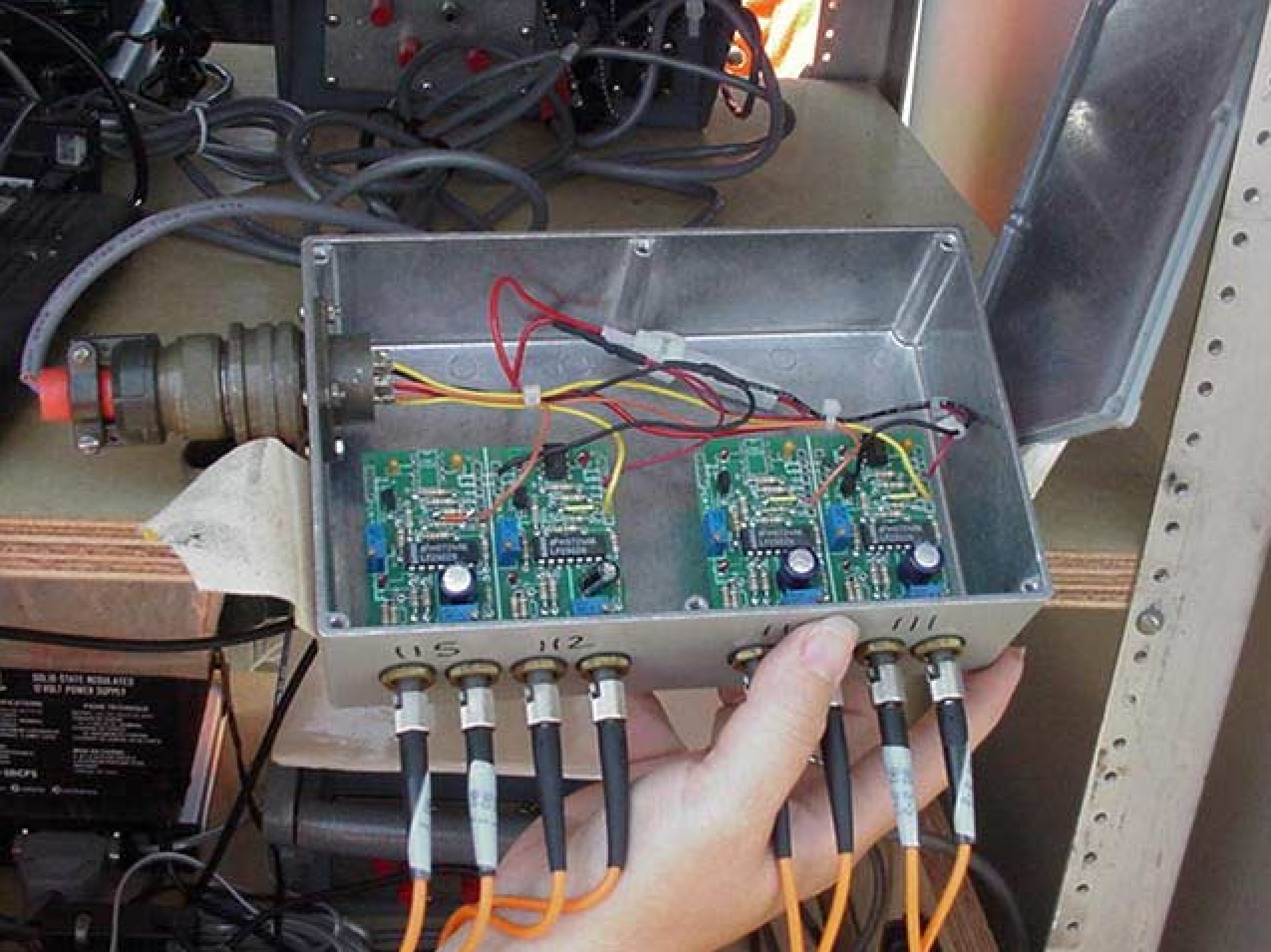








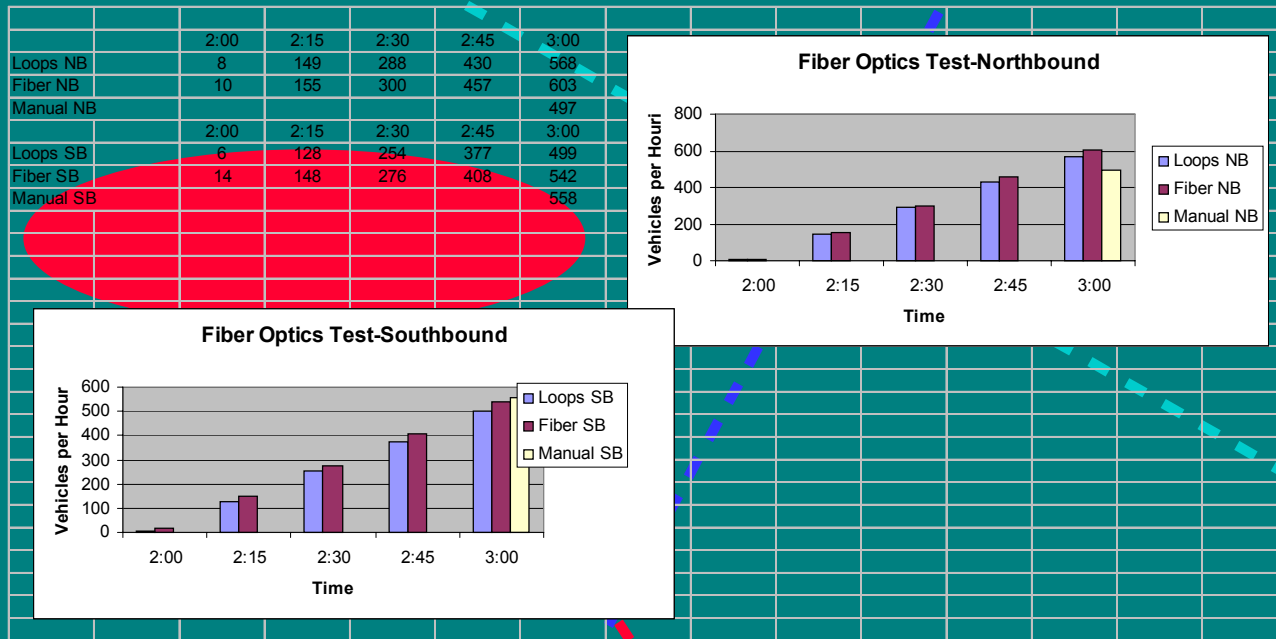




Key Findings

- Accuracy still questionable according to first tests
- Depth of 3/16" subject to pavement wear and studded snow tires
- Oregon can see possibilities for better machine classification
- Fiberoptics can be adapted to existing equipment

•Preliminary Testing



Next Steps

- Adjust existing loops for ATR Classification
- Set up fiber for classification
- Perform 24-hour manual count
- Examine current research problem findings
- Determine if fiberoptics works as well in PCC Concrete
- Oregon will be happy to share actual test results with other DOTs and organizations

Performance Update

- On August 21, 2000 the fiber quit transmitting data
- A field check determined that top coat epoxy was breaking up
- Staples on fiber optics were showing
- We are working with the vendor for a solution--our initial guess is too much hardener in the epoxy

12/21/2000

•Lessons Learned

- Stress traffic control--don't assume flagging companies know the guidelines
- Have a detailed saw cut plan beforehand
- Test fiberoptics cable before installation
- Have warranty agreement with vendor
- Don't volunteer for presentation when you barely have installation done